ences between the two houses; the Senate adopted the conference committee report on H.B. No. 18 on May 31, 2015: Yeas 30, Nays 1.

Approved June 19, 2015.

Effective June 19, 2015.

DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS WITH LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICERS AND VENDORS; CREATING CRIMINAL OFFENSES

CHAPTER 989

H.B. No. 23

AN ACT

relating to disclosure of certain relationships with local government officers and vendors; creating criminal offenses.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. Section 176.001, Local Government Code, is amended by amending Subdivisions (1), (2), (2-a), (2-b), (3), and (4) and adding Subdivisions (2-c), (2-d), and (7) to read as follows:

- (1) "Agent" means a third party who undertakes to transact some business or manage some affair for another person by the authority or on account of the other person. The term includes an employee.
- (2) "Family member" means a person related to another person within the first degree by consanguinity or affinity, as described by Subchapter B, Chapter 573, Government Code[, except that the term does not include a person who is considered to be related to another person by affinity only as described by Section 573.024(b), Government Code].
- (2-a) "Family relationship" means a relationship between a person and another person within the third degree by consanguinity or the second degree by affinity, as those terms are defined by Subchapter B, Chapter 573, Government Code.
- (2-b) "Gift" means a benefit offered by a person, including food, lodging, transportation, and entertainment accepted as a guest. The term does not include a benefit offered on account of kinship or a personal, professional, or business relationship independent of the official status of the recipient.
 - (2-c) "Goods" means personal property.
- (2-d) [(2-b)] "Investment income" means dividends, capital gains, or interest income generated from:
 - (A) a personal or business:
 - (i) checking or savings account;
 - (ii) share draft or share account; or
 - (iii) other similar account;
 - (B) a personal or business investment; or
 - (C) a personal or business loan.
- (3) "Local governmental entity" means a county, municipality, school district, charter school, junior college district, water district created under Subchapter B, Chapter 49, Water Code, or other political subdivision of this state or a local government corporation, board, commission, district, or authority to which a member is appointed by the commissioners court of a county, the mayor of a municipality, or the governing body of a municipality. The term does not include an association, corpora-

tion, or organization of governmental entities organized to provide to its members education, assistance, products, or services or to represent its members before the legislative, administrative, or judicial branches of the state or federal government.

- (4) "Local government officer" means:
 - (A) a member of the governing body of a local governmental entity;
- (B) a director, superintendent, administrator, president, or other person designated as the executive officer of a [the] local governmental entity; or
- (C) an agent [employee] of a local governmental entity who exercises discretion in the planning, recommending, selecting, or contracting of a vendor [with respect to whom the local governmental entity has, in accordance with Section 176.005, extended the requirements of Sections 176.003 and 176.004].
- (7) "Vendor" means a person who enters or seeks to enter into a contract with a local governmental entity. The term includes an agent of a vendor. The term includes an officer or employee of a state agency when that individual is acting in a private capacity to enter into a contract. The term does not include a state agency except for Texas Correctional Industries.
- SECTION 2. The heading to Section 176.002, Local Government Code, is amended to read as follows:
 - Sec. 176.002. APPLICABILITY TO [CERTAIN] VENDORS AND OTHER PERSONS.
- SECTION 3. Sections 176.002(a) and (b), Local Government Code, are amended to read as follows:
 - (a) This chapter applies to a person who is: •
 - (1) a vendor [enters or seeks to enter into a contract with a local governmental entity]; or
 - (2) a local government officer [is an agent] of [a person described by Subdivision (1) in the person's business with] a local governmental entity.
- (b) A person is not subject to the disclosure requirements of this chapter if the person is:
 - (1) a state, a political subdivision of a state, the federal government, or a foreign government; or
 - (2) an employee or agent of an entity described by Subdivision (1), acting in the employee's or agent's official capacity.
- SECTION 4. Section 176.003, Local Government Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a) and (a-1) and adding Subsection (a-2) to read as follows:
- (a) A local government officer shall file a conflicts disclosure statement with respect to a *vendor* [person described by Section 176.002(a)] if:
 - (1) the *vendor* [person] enters into a contract with the local governmental entity or the local governmental entity is considering entering into a contract with the *vendor* [person]; and
 - (2) the vendor [person]:
 - (A) has an employment or other business relationship with the local government officer or a family member of the officer that results in the officer or family member receiving taxable income, other than investment income, that exceeds \$2,500 during the 12-month period preceding the date that the officer becomes aware that:
 - (i) a contract between the local governmental entity and vendor [described by Subdivision (1)] has been executed; or
 - (ii) the local governmental entity is considering entering into a contract with the *vendor* [person]; [or]
 - (B) has given to the local government officer or a family member of the officer one or more gifts that have an aggregate value of more than \$100 [\\$250] in the 12-month period preceding the date the officer becomes aware that:

- (i) a contract between the local governmental entity and vendor [described by Subdivision (1)] has been executed; or
- (ii) the local governmental entity is considering entering into a contract with the vendor; or
- (C) has a family relationship with the local government officer [person].
- (a-1) A local government officer is not required to file a conflicts disclosure statement in relation to a gift accepted by the officer or a family member of the officer if the gift is:
 - (1) [given by a family member of the person accepting the gift;
 - [(2)] a political contribution as defined by Title 15, Election Code; or
 - (2) [(3)] food[, lodging, transportation, or entertainment] accepted as a guest.
- (a-2) A local government officer is not required to file a conflicts disclosure statement under Subsection (a) if the local governmental entity or vendor described by that subsection is an administrative agency created under Section 791.013, Government Code.
- SECTION 5. Section 176.004, Local Government Code, is transferred to Section 176.003, Local Government Code, redesignated as Section 176.003(e), Local Government Code, and amended to read as follows:
- (e) [Sec. 176.004. CONTENTS OF DISCLOSURE STATEMENT.] The commission shall adopt the conflicts disclosure statement for local government officers for use under this section. The conflicts disclosure statement must include:
 - (1) a requirement that each local government officer disclose:
 - (A) an employment or other business relationship described by Subsection (a)(2)(A) [Section 176.003(a)], including the nature and extent of the relationship; and
 - (B) gifts accepted by the local government officer and any family member of the officer from a *vendor* [person described by Section 176.002(a)] during the 12-month period described by Subsection (a)(2)(B) [Section 176.003(a)(2)(B)] if the aggregate value of the gifts[, excluding gifts described by Section 176.003(a-1),] accepted by the officer or a family member from that *vendor exceeds \$100* [person exceed \$250];
 - (2) an acknowledgment from the local government officer that:
 - (A) the disclosure applies to each family member of the officer; and
 - (B) the statement covers the 12-month period described by Subsection (a)(2)(B) [Section 176.003(a)]; and
 - (3) the signature of the local government officer acknowledging that the statement is made under oath under penalty of perjury.
- SECTION 6. Section 176.006, Local Government Code, is amended by amending Subsections (a), (a-1), (b), (c), (d), and (i) and adding Subsection (e) to read as follows:
- (a) A vendor [person described by Section 176.002(a)] shall file a completed conflict of interest questionnaire if the vendor [person] has a business relationship with a local governmental entity and:
 - (1) has an employment or other business relationship with a local government [an] officer of that local governmental entity, or a family member of the officer, described by Section 176.003(a)(2)(A); [or]
 - (2) has given a local government [an] officer of that local governmental entity, or a family member of the officer, one or more gifts with the aggregate value specified by Section 176.003(a)(2)(B), excluding any gift described by Section 176.003(a-1); or
 - (3) has a family relationship with a local government officer of that local governmental entity.
- (a-1) The completed conflict of interest questionnaire must be filed with the appropriate records administrator not later than the seventh business day after the later of:
 - (1) the date that the *vendor* [person]:
 - (A) begins discussions or negotiations to enter into a contract with the local governmental entity; or

- (B) submits to the local governmental entity an application, response to a request for proposals or bids, correspondence, or another writing related to a potential contract with the local governmental entity; or
- (2) the date the vendor [person] becomes aware:
- (A) of an employment or other business relationship with a local government officer, or a family member of the officer, described by Subsection (a); [or]
- (B) that the *vendor* [person] has given one or more gifts described by Subsection (a); or
 - (C) of a family relationship with a local government officer.
- (b) The commission shall adopt a conflict of interest questionnaire for use under this section that requires disclosure of a *vendor's* [person's] business *and family* relationships with a local governmental entity.
- (c) The questionnaire adopted under Subsection (b) must require, for the local governmental entity with respect to which the questionnaire is filed, that the *vendor* [person] filing the questionnaire:
 - (1) describe each employment or business and family relationship the vendor [person] has with each local government officer of the local governmental entity;
 - (2) identify each employment or business relationship described by Subdivision (1) with respect to which the local government officer receives, or is likely to receive, taxable income, other than investment income, from the *vendor* [person filing the questionnaire];
 - (3) identify each employment or business relationship described by Subdivision (1) with respect to which the *vendor* [person filing the questionnaire] receives, or is likely to receive, taxable income, other than investment income, that:
 - (A) is received from, or at the direction of, a local government officer of the local governmental entity; and
 - (B) is not received from the local governmental entity; and
 - (4) describe each employment or business relationship with a corporation or other business entity with respect to which a local government officer of the local governmental entity:
 - (A) serves as an officer or director; or
 - (B) holds an ownership interest of one [10] percent or more.
- (d) A vendor [person described by Subsection (a)] shall file an updated completed questionnaire with the appropriate records administrator not later than the seventh business day after the date on which the vendor becomes aware of an event that would make a statement in the questionnaire incomplete or inaccurate.
- (e) A person who is both a local government officer and a vendor of a local governmental entity is required to file the questionnaire required by Subsection (a)(1) only if the person:
 - (1) enters or seeks to enter into a contract with the local governmental entity; or
 - (2) is an agent of a person who enters or seeks to enter into a contract with the local governmental entity.
- (i) The validity of a contract between a *vendor* [person described by Section 176.002] and a local governmental entity is not affected solely because the *vendor* [person] fails to comply with this section.
- SECTION 7. Section 176.011, Local Government Code, is redesignated as 176.0065, Local Government Code, and amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 176.0065 [176.011]. MAINTENANCE OF RECORDS. A records administrator shall:
 - (1) maintain a list of local government officers of the local governmental entity and shall make that list available to the public and any vendor who may be required to file a conflict of interest questionnaire under Section 176.006; and

- (2) maintain the statements and questionnaires that are required to be filed under this chapter in accordance with the local governmental entity's records retention schedule.
- SECTION 8. Chapter 176, Local Government Code, is amended by adding Section 176.013 to read as follows:
- Sec. 176.013. ENFORCEMENT. (a) A local government officer commits an offense under this chapter if the officer:
 - (1) is required to file a conflicts disclosure statement under Section 176.003; and
 - (2) knowingly fails to file the required conflicts disclosure statement with the appropriate records administrator not later than 5 p.m. on the seventh business day after the date on which the officer becomes aware of the facts that require the filing of the statement.
 - (b) A vendor commits an offense under this chapter if the vendor:
 - (1) is required to file a conflict of interest questionnaire under Section 176.006; and
 - (2) either:
 - (A) knowingly fails to file the required questionnaire with the appropriate records administrator not later than 5 p.m. on the seventh business day after the date on which the vendor becomes aware of the facts that require the filing of the questionnaire; or
 - (B) knowingly fails to file an updated questionnaire with the appropriate records administrator not later than 5 p.m. on the seventh business day after the date on which the vendor becomes aware of an event that would make a statement in a questionnaire previously filed by the vendor incomplete or inaccurate.
 - (c) An offense under this chapter is:
 - (1) a Class C misdemeanor if the contract amount is less than \$1 million or if there is no contract amount for the contract;
 - (2) a Class B misdemeanor if the contract amount is at least \$1 million but less than \$5 million; or
 - (3) a Class A misdemeanor if the contract amount is at least \$5 million.
- (d) A local governmental entity may reprimand, suspend, or terminate the employment of an employee who knowingly fails to comply with a requirement adopted under this chapter.
- (e) The governing body of a local governmental entity may, at its discretion, declare a contract void if the governing body determines that a vendor failed to file a conflict of interest questionnaire required by Section 176.006.
- (f) It is an exception to the application of Subsection (a) that the local government officer filed the required conflicts disclosure statement not later than the seventh business day after the date the officer received notice from the local governmental entity of the alleged violation.
- (g) It is an exception to the application of Subsection (b) that the vendor filed the required questionnaire not later than the seventh business day after the date the vendor received notice from the local governmental entity of the alleged violation.

SECTION 9. The following provisions of the Local Government Code are repealed:

- (1) Sections 176.003(c) and (d);
- (2) Section 176.005;
- (3) Sections 176.006(f), (g), and (h); and
- (4) Section 176.007.

SECTION 10. As soon as practicable after the effective date of this Act, the Texas Ethics Commission shall adopt forms to implement this Act.

SECTION 11. (a) Chapter 176, Local Government Code, as amended by this Act, ap-

plies only to an event requiring disclosure that occurs on or after the effective date of this Act. An event requiring disclosure that occurs before the effective date of this Act is governed by the law applicable to the event immediately before the effective date of this Act, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose.

(b) The repeal by this Act of Sections 176.003(c), 176.005(c), and 176.006(f), Local Government Code, does not apply to an offense committed under those sections before the effective date of the repeal. An offense committed before the effective date of the repeal is governed by those sections as they existed on the date the offense was committed, and the former law is continued in effect for that purpose. For purposes of this subsection, an offense was committed before the effective date of the repeal if any element of the offense occurred before that date.

SECTION 12. This Act takes effect September 1, 2015.

Passed by the House on April 28, 2015: Yeas 143, Nays 0, 2 present, not voting; passed by the Senate on May 27, 2015: Yeas 31, Nays 0.

Approved June 19, 2015.

Effective September 1, 2015.

DEVELOPMENT OF SEAWATER AND BRACKISH GROUNDWATER

CHAPTER 990

H.B. No. 30

AN ACT

relating to the development of seawater and brackish groundwater.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. (a) With this state facing an ongoing drought, continuing population growth, and the need to remain economically competitive, this state must secure and develop plentiful and cost-effective water supplies to meet the ever-increasing demand for water.

- (b) Brackish groundwater is a potential new source of water for municipal, industrial, and other purposes. This state has an estimated 880 trillion gallons of brackish groundwater, much of which is untapped. For many years this water was considered largely useless for most purposes, but advances in technology and pressures on other supplies have revealed that brackish groundwater is in fact a vital resource. In addition to providing potentially vast new supplies, the development of brackish groundwater can reduce pressures on the use of fresh groundwater.
- (c) Many in the oil and gas industry in this state have made significant strides to replace the use of fresh groundwater in their operations with brackish groundwater. This is a positive trend, and this Act is not intended to discourage the continued or expanded use of brackish groundwater for oil and gas development or to establish regulatory barriers or permitting requirements for the use of brackish groundwater for that purpose.
- (d) The purpose of this Act is to provide meaningful incentives for the development of brackish groundwater in areas where that development would have a minimal impact on existing fresh groundwater use, while respecting private property rights in groundwater and continuing to encourage the use of brackish groundwater for purposes other than human consumption.

SECTION 2. Section 16.053(e), Water Code, is amended to read as follows:

(e) Each regional water planning group shall submit to the development board a regional water plan that: